

# HOMEWORK NO. 5 – October 18, 2017

**Exercise 1.** Find the derivative of the functions.

$$(1) \quad y = -x^2 + 3$$

$$(2) \quad y = x^2 + x + 8$$

$$(3) \quad s = 5t^3 - 3t^5$$

$$(4) \quad w = 3z^7 - 7z^3 + 21z^2$$

$$(5) \quad y = \frac{4x^3}{3} - x$$

$$(6) \quad y = \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{4}$$

$$(7) \quad w = 3z^{-2} - \frac{1}{z}$$

$$(8) \quad s = -2t^{-1} + \frac{4}{t^2}$$

$$(9) \quad y = 6x^2 - 10x - 5x^{-2}$$

$$(10) \quad y = 4 - 2x - x^{-3}$$

$$(11) \quad r = \frac{1}{3s^2} - \frac{5}{2s}$$

$$(12) \quad r = \frac{12}{\theta} - \frac{4}{\theta^3} + \frac{1}{\theta^4}$$

$$(13) \quad y = (3 - x^2)(x^3 - x + 1)$$

$$(14) \quad y = (x - 1)(x^2 + x + 1)$$

$$(15) \quad y = (x^2 + 1)(x + 5 + \frac{1}{x})$$

$$(16) \quad y = (x + \frac{1}{x})(x - \frac{1}{x} + 1)$$

$$(17) \quad y = \frac{2x+5}{3x-2}$$

$$(18) \quad z = \frac{2x+1}{x^2+1}$$

$$(19) \quad g(x) = \frac{x^2-4}{x+0.5}$$

$$(20) \quad f(t) = \frac{t^2-1}{t^2+t-2}$$

$$(21) \quad v = (1-t)(1+t^2)^{-1}$$

$$(22) \quad w = (2x-7)^{-1}(x+5)$$

$$(23) \quad f(s) = \frac{\sqrt{s}-1}{\sqrt{s+1}}$$

$$(24) \quad u = \frac{5x+1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$(25) \quad v = \frac{1+x-4\sqrt{x}}{x}$$

$$(26) \quad r = 2 \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{\theta}} + \sqrt{\theta} \right)$$

$$(27) \quad y = \frac{1}{(x^2-1)(x^2+x+1)}$$

$$(28) \quad y = \frac{(x+1)(x+2)}{(x-1)(x-2)}$$

$$(29) \quad y = \frac{x^3+7}{x}$$

$$(30) \quad y = \frac{(x-1)(x^2+x+1)}{x^3}$$

$$(31) \quad w = \left( \frac{1+3z}{3z} \right) (3-z)$$

**Exercise 2.** Write the following functions in the form  $f(g(x))$ , then find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  as a function of  $x$ .

$$(a) \quad y = (2x+1)^5$$

$$(c) \quad y = \left(1 - \frac{x}{7}\right)^{-7}$$

$$(e) \quad y = \left(\frac{x^2}{8} + x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^4$$

$$(b) \quad y = (4-3x)^9$$

$$(d) \quad y = \left(\frac{x}{2} - 1\right)^{-10}$$

$$(f) \quad y = \left(\frac{x}{5} + \frac{1}{5x}\right)^5$$

**Exercise 3.** Find the derivatives of the following functions.

$$(a) \quad p = \sqrt{3-t}$$

$$(d) \quad y = (5-2x)^{-3} + \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{2}{x} + 1\right)^4$$

$$(b) \quad q = \sqrt{2r-r^2}$$

$$(e) \quad y = (4x+3)^4(x+1)^{-3}$$

$$(c) \quad y = \frac{1}{21}(3x-2)^7 + \left(4 - \frac{1}{4x^2}\right)^{-1}$$

$$(f) \quad y = (2x-5)^{-1}(x^2-5x)^6$$

**Exercise 4.** Find the absolute maximum and minimum values of the following functions on the given intervals.

$$(a) \quad f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x - 5, \quad -2 \leq x \leq 3$$

$$(c) \quad f(x) = x^2 - 1, \quad -1 \leq x \leq 2$$

$$(b) \quad f(x) = -x - 4, \quad -4 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$(d) \quad f(x) = 4 - x^2, \quad -3 \leq x \leq 1$$

- (e)  $f(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2}$ ,  $0.5 \leq x \leq 2$
- (f)  $f(x) = -\frac{1}{x}$ ,  $-2 \leq x \leq -1$
- (g)  $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$ ,  $-1 \leq x \leq 8$
- (h)  $f(x) = -3x^{2/3}$ ,  $-1 \leq x \leq 1$
- (i)  $f(x) = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$ ,  $-2 \leq x \leq 1$
- (j)  $f(x) = -\sqrt{5 - x^2}$ ,  $-\sqrt{5} \leq x \leq 0$